Public Document Pack

Democratic Services Section Chief Executive's Department Belfast City Council City Hall Belfast BT1 5GS

5th January, 2015

SPECIAL MEETING OF TRANSITION COMMITTEE

(to which all Members of the City and District Councils are invited to attend).

Dear Alderman / Councillor,

The above-named Committee will meet in the Lavery Room - City Hall on Friday, 9th January, 2015 at 12.30 pm, for the transaction of the business noted below.

You are requested to attend.

Yours faithfully

SUZANNE WYLIE

Chief Executive

AGENDA:

1. <u>Department for Social Development - Streets Ahead Consultation</u> (Pages 1 - 24)





Belfast City Council

Report to: Transition Committee

Subject: Special Meeting: DSD Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3

proposals

Date: 9th January, 2015

Reporting Officer: Gerry Millar, Director of Property and Projects

Contact Officer: Michelle Bagnall, Project Sponsor Officer, ext 3678

1.0 Relevant Background Information 1.1 Members are reminded that Council has been invited to respond to the public consultation on DSD Belfast Streets Ahead (BSA) Phase 3 Project. The DSD has developed concept design proposals to deliver a world class public realm within a specific area of Belfast City Centre. See Appendix 1 for concept design proposals. 1.2 At the Transition Committee meeting in December, a draft consultation response was provided to Members seeking feedback. A revised version has been produced based on the comments from Members. See Appendix 2.

2.0	Key Issues
2.1	Given the scale and significance of this project and potential role and impact for the Council both during and post construction, Committee agreed that members would be offered the opportunity to receive a presentation from DSD Officials on the proposals for BSA Phase 3 to further understand the concept design proposals.
2.2	Note that the DSD closing deadline for responses is 9 th January. The revised consultation response (Appendix 2) has been shared with DSD to ensure a response has been provided ahead of this deadline, however we have specifically highlighted that this is a draft response and that a final response will be issued upon full Council ratification in February.

Resource Implications

Under resource implications Members are reminded of the following:

Finance

None at present. However as the scheme is further developed and information is gathered to support a Business Case, it is suggested that DSD officials (from relevant Units) liaise with appropriate Council officers to:

- 1. Continue with the work around projects of regional significance;
- 2. Identify specific whole life costs and resource implications, particularly around BCC maintenance and operational activities.

Human Resources

Director of Property and Projects continued membership on DSD BSA Project Board.

Asset and other implications

Section 3 of BSA Phase 3 design proposals are specific to property of Belfast City Council, namely Cathedral Gardens, therefore input to this consultation around Council's aspirations of this site, and wider generation framework for the city centre, is important.

Equality and Good Relations Implications

In terms of Equality and Good Relations implications, Members are reminded that as part of the DSD consultation questionnaire an Equality Impact Assessment is being conducted: a number of key points and comments have been made for DSD consideration.

Recommendations

Upon receipt of the presentation from DSD and project design team regarding BSA Phase 3 concept design proposals, the Committee is asked to agree Council consultation response, which will be raised at February Council meeting.

Decision Tracking

Gerry Millar, Director of Property and Projects

Abbreviations

DSD – Department of Social Development

BSA - Belfast Streets Ahead

LGR – Local Government Reform

Documents Attached

Appendix 1 - DSD Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3 proposals

Appendix 2 – Revised draft Consultation response document

Belfast Streets Ahead

Phase 3 Public Realm

Continuing the regeneration of Belfast City Centre

(please think of the environment if printing this document and do so double sided)

Share with us your views and aspirations for the north of Belfast City Centre...



...from Royal Avenue...



...to the Central Library...



... Cathedral Gardens and beyond.



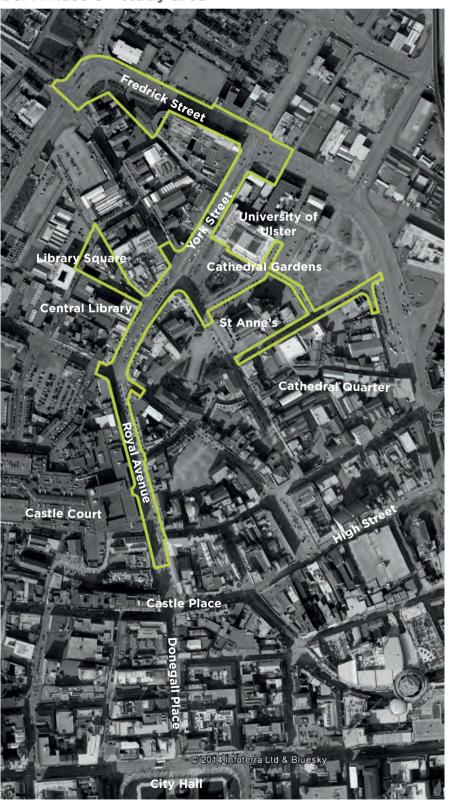


introduction

The North of Belfast City Centre has a number of significant developments both planned and that have been delivered in recent years. The Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3 (BSA Phase 3) project aims to push the regeneration of the streetscape towards the north, extending the perceived retail core and engaging with an area of the city that is seeing great change. This will be achieved by delivering a world class public realm improvement scheme that will include improvements to:

- Surfacing
- Lighting
- Landscaping
- Street furniture
- Public art

BSA Phase 3 - study area



Vision for the project area

DSD's vision for the Project area is to design and implement public realm improvements that will deliver high quality streetscapes and open spaces that will contribute positively to the economic and social vitality of the city.

Design Process

DSD appointed a design team, led by McAdam Design and comprising public realm and landscape architects experts from OPEN to design, prepare and develop plans for the project area.

Programme

The Public consultation will close on Friday 09th January 2015. Following this comments/views received will be considered, and an equality screening exercise will be carried out. DSD intends to take the project to detailed design stage and to the preparation of a planning application by March/April 2015.

The construction stage of this project is due to take place after the Reform of Local Government (when Belfast City Council becomes responsible for urban regeneration). DSD is currently working closely with Belfast City Council on how this stage may be delivered.

1. Page 4

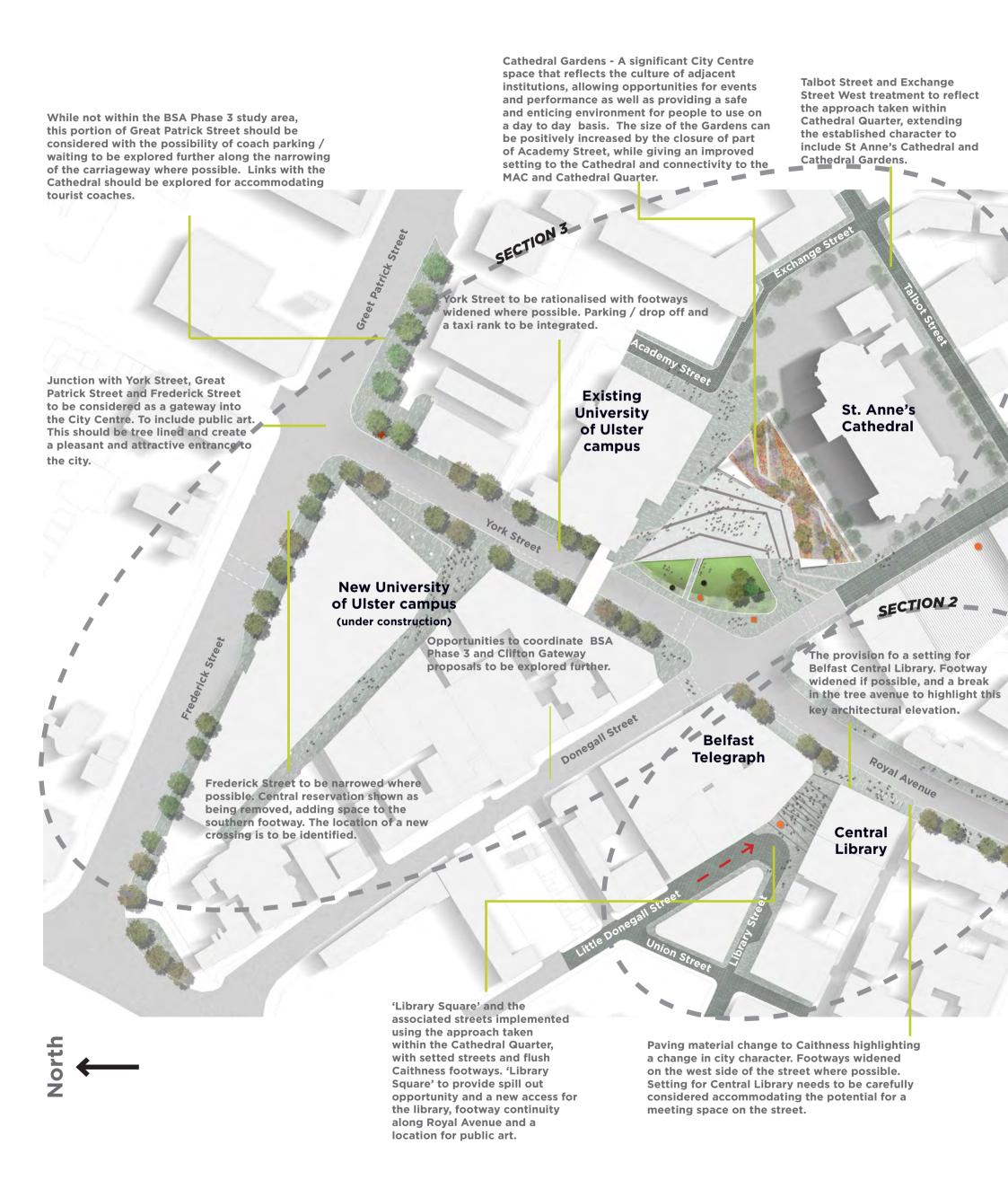
the initial headlines

- BSA Phase 3 should extend the public realm characters established through Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 1 (BSA Phase 1) and the regeneration of Cathedral Quarter providing a unified and legible public realm within an area that is changing significantly.
- Royal Avenue, up to the junction with North Street, should extend the 'retail core' and public realm character established during BSA Phase 1.
- Cathedral Gardens provides a key opportunity to realise a significant public space within the north of the City Centre that is unique in character and materiality, but links into the adjacent streets and spaces. It should become a space that provides a focus for a number of cultural and institutional uses, and provides a genuine public attraction.
- The new University of Ulster campus is presently the major catalyst for change within the north of the City Centre. The public realm that sets the various buildings forming the campus should provide a distinctive, legible series of streets and spaces. Opportunities for 'branding' the university area should be explored beyond the base materiality of the streets for example: artwork, signage, street furniture etc...
- The public realm associated with the University of Ulster campus should be balanced with other adjacent cultural uses, reinforcing a unified 'Cultural Quarter' within the north of the City Centre.
- Where possible, and through careful studies and dialogue with Transport NI, footways should be widened, maximising pedestrian space within the City Centre, promoting an enhanced pedestrian environment, greater legibility and setting for significant buildings.
- Public art should be implemented throughout the study area in identified locations, punctuating the public realm and adding to the rich layer of public art already established within Belfast's City Centre. Public Art has the opportunity to reflect and enhance the cultural and institutional uses within the study area.
- Reinforce a traffic regime within the Inner Ring Road which discourages non-essential traffic and supports quieter streets to be shared between pedestrian, cyclists and public transport.
- Manage kerbside space to cater for appropriate levels of on-street car parking (including disabled), servicing, pick up/drop off, taxi activity, buses and coaches.

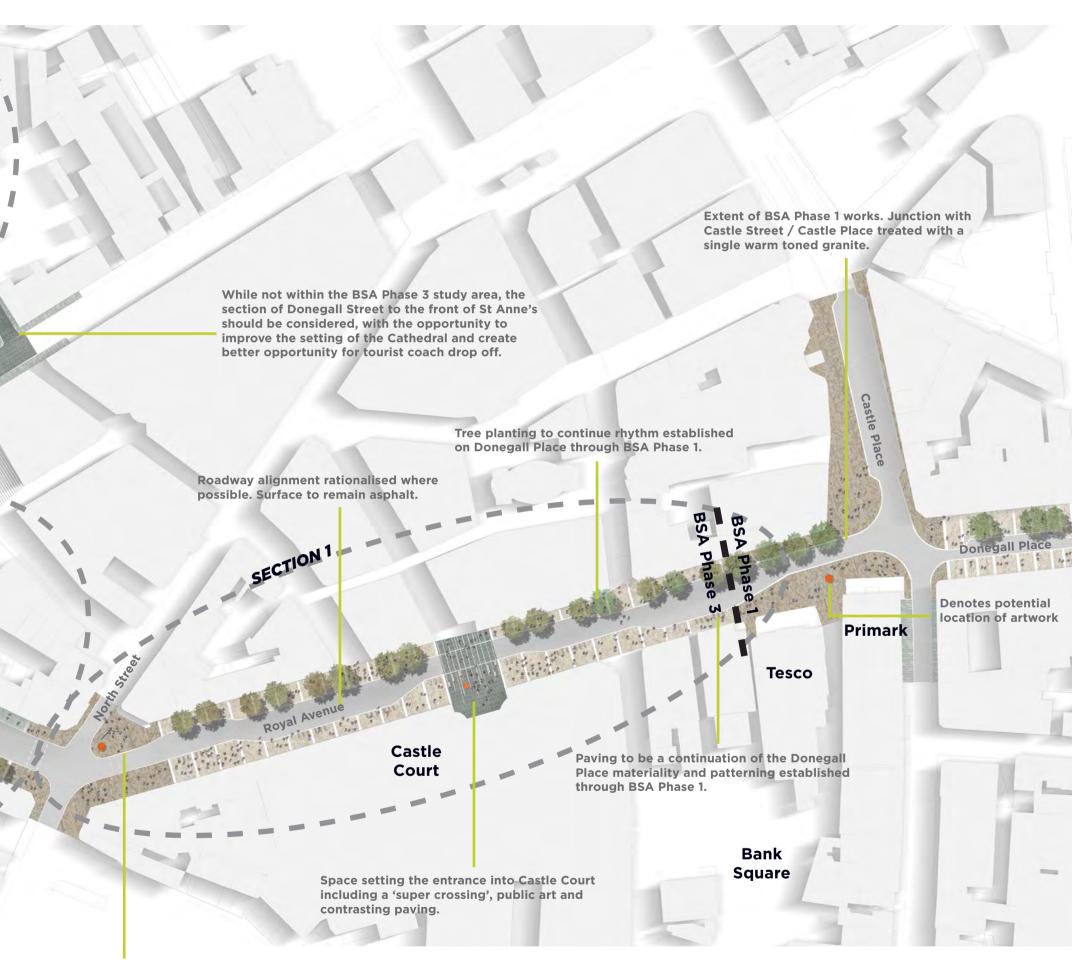


Page 5

key design concept plan



3. Page 6



Materiality and design approach of junction to match the Donegall Place / Castle Street / Castle Place junction setting the architecture and marking a change in city character. Art work and feature lighting of key corner buildings will make this an important identifiable node in the city centre.

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Section 1 Royal Avenue, from Castle Place to North Street Junction.

Main entrance into Castle **Court from** Royal Avenue.

Street furniture and lighting elements not coordinated.

Cluttered streetscape detracts from key visual connections towards the quality architecture at North Existing paving is of poor quality and has been repaired in an ad-hoc manner creating a blurring of footway and roadway.

Existing trees are generally small in size and have not established well.



Royal Avenue - existing

A space along Royal **Avenue that engages** with the entrance into Castle Court.

for a piece of public art.

Potential location Visual connections from **Castle Court to the** quality architecture at **North Street junction.**

Seating elements to be included within this section of Royal Avenue. Inclusion of a new 'super crossing' continuing the paving across the roadway, with new tree planting matching size and form of **Donegall Place.**



Royal Avenue - the potential

The Headlines:

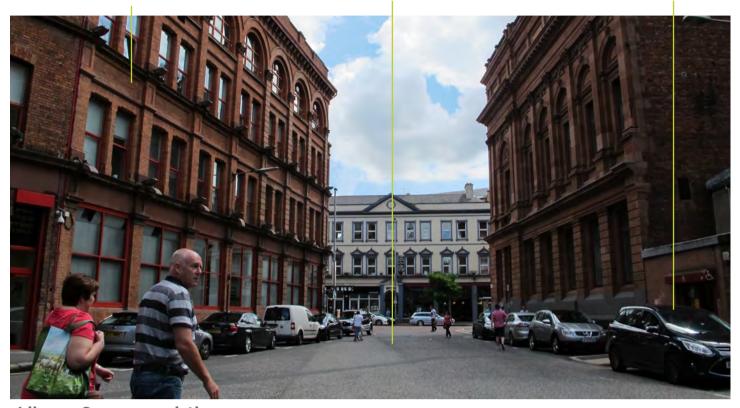
- High quality natural stone materials matching that used in Donegall Place;
- Public Transport buses will continue to operate on the street;
- High quality street furniture;
- Semi mature specimen trees down one side of street:
- Opportunites of significant pieces of public art;
- Feature lighting to highlight key architectural features; and
- Pedestrian crossing at north and south of street with 'super' wide crossing ourside Castle Court.

5. Page 8

Section 2 Library Square and Royal Avenue, including Library Street, Little Donegall Street and Union Street (part).

Impressive surrounding architecture poorly set within wide and inappropriate vehicle dominated streets.

A wide vehicle dominated street On street parking dominates space through Library Street and and leaves little for the on to Royal Avenue. pedestrian. Location of potential new Library extension.



Library Square - existing

Potential for public artwork.

Shared surface to allow vehicle access one way around Little **Donegall Street.**

A variety of stone seating benches for informal and formal seating. Robust to control vehicle movements.

The space adjacent to the new library entrance could provide a location for public art, feature lighting and seating.





Image showing the potential character and materiality of Library Square.

Potential for feature lighting.

The Headlines:

- 'Library Square' should be simple but bold space, setting the scene for the fine architecture that surrounds it;
- A new public space should be formed by continuing Royal Avenue's pavement across Library Street;
- The setting of Central Library on to Royal Avenue should be recognised by distinctive public realm and framing with street trees;
- Feature lighting should be a key part of Library Square, making it inviting and safe at night;
- The space should be one level from building to building unifying the space from the edge of Royal Avenue in to the main Library Square and the new entrance to the Central Library on Library Street; and
- High quality natural stone should be used to compliment the surrounding architecture.

Section 3 Cathedral Gardens (Buoys Park) including Talbot Street, Exchange Street West and Academy Street (part), York Street and interface with University of Ulster.



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Section 3 continued

Materials in
Cathedral Garden
connecting
through to
Cathedral Quarter.

'The Garden' - A setting for St. Anne's Cathedral and a unique space for Belfast City Centre. 'The Square' - An event/ performance space with distinctive paving material from adjacent streetscape.

Tree species with lighter canopies to enable better visual connectivity between square and adjacent streets.

'The Park' - A lawn defining the edge of the space and softening the interface with York Street.



Montage image showing the potential character and materiality of Cathedral Gardens.

Planting is structured and formed to frame views across the square, as well as creating an enclosed and intimate environment for the public to engage with nature.

The Garden creates a transitional and relaxing space between Cathedral Quarter and Donegall Street whilst providing a setting for the unique Celtic cross elevation.

The Square becomes a setting and performance/ event space for the University, with subspaces created to allow for simultaneous events.

The seasonal variation in ornamental planting offers year round interest in the space.



Montage image showing the potential for a 'garden' space within Cathedral Gardens as a visual setting for St Anne's.

The Headlines:

- What should Cathedral Gardens be A Garden, A Square, A Park? Or can it be all three?;
- Traffic removed from Academy Street to allow link between space and Cathedral;
- · What should happen to the Buoys?; and
- York Street to Frederick Street should be a high quality link to the University and entrance avenue for the City Centre.

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Belfast Streets Ahead

Phase 3 Public Realm

Continuing the regeneration of Belfast City Centre

How to Respond

BSA Phase 3 design proposals and a survey where users can leave their comments can be viewed on the DSD website by accessing the consultation zone at: www.dsdni.gov.uk/consultations.htm

Alternative formats of the proposals and survey are also available at:

Department for Social Development
Belfast City Centre Regeneration Directorate
4th Floor, Oxford House
49-55 Chichester Street
Belfast, BT1 4HH

Email: belfaststreetsahead@dsdni.gov.uk

Tel: 02890277640

The design proposals will be on display in Castlecourt Shopping Centre (20/10/2014 - 24/10/2014), Central Library (27/10/2014 - 31/10/2014), and University of Ulster, Belfast (03/11/2014 - 07/11/2014)

The consultation will run from 6th October 2014 until noon on 9th January 2015. Any comments made during this time will be considered by the Department when finalising its plans for the area.







BELFAST CITY COUNCIL

DRAFT RESPONSE

To

DSD PUBLIC CONSULTATION
STREETS AHEAD PHASE 3 PROPOSALS

General Comments

Belfast City Council welcomes the opportunity to comment on DSD Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3 public consultation exercise regarding its Concept Design proposals. The Council has some general comments in the first instance, with more specific operational and maintenance considerations within the questionnaire document.

STRATEGIC CONTEXT

Belfast City Council: draft Belfast City Masterplan 2012-20

Having an accessible, vibrant, attractive and dynamic city centre is a prerequisite for international competitiveness and regional growth. The city centre is the economic, social and cultural heart of Belfast as a City - it is critical to the well-being of its citizens as it is the generator of the city's wealth and finances and the delivery of services across the City area. It is not surprising therefore that the Council's draft Masterplan for Belfast, www.belfastcity.gov.uk/business/developmentplans/belfastmasterplan.aspx identifies the city centre as a specific spatial objective and one of a number of key priorities for the city as a whole.

Belfast City Council: Belfast City Centre – Initial Directions document, Urban Strategies June 2014

- Specific to the Belfast city centre, the Council has commissioned independent and
 international expertise to help set the development and investment priorities for the city
 centre area. This Initial Directions document provides an honest assessment of both the
 challenges and opportunities for the city and outlines some eight policies; six projects and key
 areas of development. The conclusions from the Initial Directions document has provided the
 basis of an overall regeneration strategy and investment Plan for the city centre currently in
 draft format in preparation for public consultation.
- The proposals under Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3 fit well with a number of identified policy
 areas for the city centre, for example, the need to create a green, walkable, cyclable centre.
 In addition it complements the efforts and focus, in the north of the city centre, to create an
 area of learning and innovation.
- Public realm improvement schemes have a role in contributing to urban development
 objectives. In Belfast city centre it can help address issues around lack of open green public
 space; enhancing the pedestrian experience in particular connecting the north of the city
 centre; and improving connectivity and the provision of additional cycle ways within city
 centre. Consideration should be given to how Phase 3 will provide a safe environment for
 cyclists in this part of the city centre which currently experiences high levels of vehicular
 traffic. Connecting this area with existing cycle routes in the city centre will help encourage

greater numbers of cyclists into this area and through the city centre. The Council's planned Bike Share scheme will introduce 300 bikes into the city with phase 1 focusing initially on the city centre. The Council would encourage the provision of cycle lanes and routes throughout the city where possible and Phase 3 could make a significant contribution towards this.

• The Council's draft regeneration strategy highlights Belfast Streets Ahead as a key project for the north of the city centre area – an area of the city centre in most need of radical improvement. The Council views Section 3 of the Streets Ahead Phase 3 as quite a critical component of the success of the impact and cumulative benefits of the Ulster University campus development - the new development at the Ulster University Belfast campus acting as a significant catalyst for not only for much needed regeneration in this area of the city centre, but also generating wider city and regional benefits (such as increased economic viability for the city; greater physical regeneration for the city; improved physical appearance; wider accessibility; and maximising the success of other large scale developments).

AFFORDABILITY

Resourcing large scale regeneration projects

- The budget required for the delivery of Belfast Streets Ahead Phase is estimated between £30-35million. The regeneration merit and contribution to strategic regeneration objectives of the city is highlighted above.
- Under Local Government Reform (LGR), NI Councils will see the transfer of a range of
 functions from central government: and specifically, the function around regeneration and the
 capacity to lead and deliver on physical development projects. From the initial LGR funding
 allocation to Belfast City Council to deliver against new regeneration functions, it was clear
 that it was not possible for Council to deliver a large scale project like Belfast Streets Ahead
 Phase 3. With the date of the transfer of regeneration functions announced to be April 2016,
 the funding allocation is likely to be reviewed and is therefore not yet agreed.
- To help work through this capital resource issue, Council officials are working with DSD and the NI Centre for Economic Policy to inform a policy paper that will provide a basis for the NI Executive to allocate additional funds to large projects, such as Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3 ie regeneration projects of regional significance.
- Work has already commenced on developing broad principles to help define regeneration
 projects of regional significance. For example, those which have an impact beyond the local
 authority area within which they are located either due to their scale, their impact on the
 local economy, their tourism potential or their uniqueness, amongst other things. Belfast
 Streets Ahead Phase 3 and the Ulster University Belfast Campus project are being examined to
 test a potential approach and criteria to demonstrate regional significance.
- The Council will continue to work with DSD and other central government departments in the effort to develop this process to ultimately secure the necessary funds required for the delivery of a project of this scale and significance.

SUSTAINABILITY

Resourcing beyond construction completion

- A key to the success of realising the benefits of this public realm scheme will be the necessary
 post-construction maintenance and operational and resources such as changes to street
 cleansing requirements; maintenance of litter bins, new public conveniences, public spaces
 (where responsibility is either currently with Belfast City Council, or new agreements of
 responsibility for Belfast City Council).
- At a time when the Council is in the process of implementing major changes under LGR there
 is an ever increasing demand on resources available. Aside from the capital costs needed for
 this scheme, it is also important that the whole life costs of the scheme particular to Belfast
 City Council, are identified, robustly measured and considered. It is recommended that DSD
 continue to liaise with Council to ensure the necessary maintenance and operational resource
 information is provided to feed into the overall Business Case for the scheme.

Concept Design Proposals – Section 1

Section 1 relates to the areas Royal Avenue, from Castle Place to North Street Junction (please refer to pages 3,4 & 5 of consultation document)

Section 1 Proposals:

- High quality natural stone materials matching that used in Donegall Place
- Public Transport buses will continue to operate on the street
- High quality street furniture
- Semi mature specimen trees down one side of street
- Opportunities for significant pieces of public art
- Feature lighting to highlight key architectural features
- Pedestrian crossing at north and south of street with 'super' wide crossing outside Castle Court

Q1. Please provide any thoughts on Section 1 in the space below

1.1 High quality natural stone materials matching that used in Donegall Place

Lessons learned from Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 1

- The Council recognises that the aesthetics around public realm improvement schemes are important and can support the creation of enhanced, clean, open spaces that will contribute to the continued success of Belfast as a City a shared objective of many stakeholders.
- Phases 1 incorporated materials that, in the experience of street cleansing operations, are
 extremely susceptible to staining and frequently result in tacky, sticky surfaces when spillages
 occur. This has resulted in wide geographical areas becoming heavily stained that are much

more obvious in periods of dry, hot weather. This has generated numerous complaints about dirty streets. A consequence is more frequent power washing of these areas in order to maintain a high standard of cleanliness.

- In terms of where shop fronts abut new pavements/surfaces, there are examples of litter
 collecting in the cavities between the new surface and shop front. This in turn creates an
 unpleasant and unattractive localised space. Despite frequent street cleansing in these areas,
 litter accumulates unnecessarily leading to complaints that require follow up investigation and
 action.
- Based on the Council's experience from a street cleansing perspective we would recommend the following:
 - The use of quality, durable, sustainable and easily maintained materials that do not require frequent power washing to remove stains thereby reducing lifetime costs of the scheme in terms of maintenance.
 - Surface materials are protected with a suitable coating to assist in preserving exterior surfaces.
 - To address litter issues between cavities of new surfaces and shop fronts, to ensure that litter is prevented from accumulating through uneven crevices / gaps.

1.2 High quality street furniture

Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 1 incorporated seating that did not have solid concrete bases. This has resulted in accumulation of litter and debris underneath seating areas creating unpleasant and unattractive local environments which requires additional time to cleanse effectively. Council wish to reiterate its previous proposal to incorporate high quality street furniture that has concrete, solid bases thus preventing the unnecessary build up of debris and enabling fast and effective cleansing of the areas.

1.3 Semi mature specimen trees down one side of street

Findings from the work the Council commissioned to examine future development and regeneration of the city centre identified that the city centre has a lack of tree lines streets. Suggestions around the creation of specific 'boulevards' have been documented, and with the proposals under Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3, these will further support the need to enhance the urban city centre environment.

The Council would suggest the use of coniferous rather than deciduous varieties. The use of deciduous trees to support Phase 3 project design and aesthetics will result in street cleansing resources being allocated to collect fallen leaves to prevent blockage of drains. Over the past few years Belfast City has experienced severe flooding - where drains become blocked with fallen leaves, flooding problems become exacerbated. In these circumstances, it is suggested that suitable coniferous trees are planted to prevent any risk of additional flooding problems in severe weather conditions.

Concept Design Proposals – Section 2

Section 2 relates to areas – Library Square and Royal Avenue, including Library Street, Little Donegal Street and Union Street(part) (please refer to pages 3,4 & 6 of consultation document).

Section 2 Proposals:

- The creation of a simple but bold Library Square, setting the scene for the fine architecture that surrounds it
- The setting of Central Library on to Royal Avenue should be recognised by distinctive public realm and framing with street trees
- Feature lighting should be a key part of Library Square, making it inviting and safe at night
- The space should be one level from building to building unifying the space from the edge of Royal Avenue into the main Library Square and the new entrance to the Central Library Street
- High quality natural stone should be used to compliment the surrounding architecture

Q2. Please provide any thoughts on Section 2 in the space below

Belfast City Council vision for north area of the city

- The Council is currently finalising its draft regeneration strategy for the city centre. It has
 highlighted it's aspirations for the north area of the city as being home to Belfast's growing
 learning and innovation culture benefiting from the location of Belfast Central Library,
 Cathedral Quarter, Ulster University and a proposed Creative Hub. Furthermore it is
 anticipated that this area of the city will be at the forefront of Belfast's digital, media and
 innovation activity.
- Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3 proposals for this section has potential to delivery much needed enhancements to encourage foot fall to this area, bring more pedestrian connectivity between key sites, creating a more welcoming environment overall and a 'feel safe' environment at night.
- In terms of the any surface material being used, we would refer to the points raised above in Section 1.

Concept Design Proposals – Section 3

Section 3 relates to the areas Cathedral Gardens (Buoys Park) including Talbot Street, Exchange Street West, Academy Street (part), York Street, Frederick Street and interface with University of Ulster (refer to pages 3,4, 7 & 8 of consultation document)

Section 3 Proposals:

- Section of Academy Street closed to connect Cathedral Gardens and St. Anne's Cathedral
- York Street to Frederick Street should be a high quality link to the University and entrance avenue for the City Centre
- Cathedral Gardens should be a flexible public space where a number of events can occur at once
- Potential public art locations within Cathedral Gardens
- What should Cathedral Gardens be a Garden, a Square, A Park? Or can it be all three?

Q3. Please provide any thoughts on Section 3 in the space below

Belfast City Council vision for Cathedral Gardens, and surrounding areas

- The north area of the city centre is the least attractive area of the city centre and is in much need of radical improvement. The redevelopment of the Ulster University campus will play a major role in helping to transform this area, with the Belfast Streets Ahead Phase 3 project a key component to the success, via the physical enhancements to the streetscape of this area.
- Recent analysis of the city centre Belfast City Centre, Initial Directions document identifies a lack of green open space in the city centre. As a result the Council's draft regeneration strategy clearly identifies the Cathedral Gardens as an opportunity to provide a sizable new open space, maximising the regeneration benefits of the Ulster University new Belfast campus. However the aspiration is not only for the development of the Cathedral Gardens itself, but further expansion of public open space that would combine existing open spaces at Cathedral Gardens, Writers Square and the land around St Anne's Cathedral. Section 3 of Phase 3 should contribute to this, however the proposals need to be future proofed against future aspirations and plans for this particular site.
- Specific to the Cathedral Gardens itself, this space should be regarded as the prime catalyst
 site that has the potential to become a vibrant, high quality, civic space. The Council has
 engaged with stakeholders regarding the future of the site going back as far as 2007. This has
 assisted the production of a development brief that would inform how this space could
 evolve. The Council developed the following design principles to help develop the designing
 of this space. The Cathedral Gardens area should be:
 - designed to be an iconic gateway to Cathedral Quarter and the city centre, in particular taking cognisance of connectivity other strategically significant projects such as Clifton Gateway
 - 2. designed as a predominately green civic space
 - 3. designed to make connections to surrounding civic spaces and buildings
 - 4. designed to be fully DDA compliant
 - 5. designed to incorporate a high quality lighting scheme
 - 6. designed to showcase the surrounding architecture
 - 7. designed to incorporate highest quality landscape finishes and site furniture
 - 8. designed to be inviting, accessible with open views across the space
 - 9. designed to be a functional space that can host a range of civic events/exhibitions
 - 10. designed to be easily maintained
 - 11. designed to discourage anti social behaviour

Overall concept design comments

- The impression is that the proportion of green space shown within the site is minimal. The Council envisaged the site as being a predominately flat green space; accessible, well maintained and multi functional. The site should read as soft space providing relief from the surrounding harsh urban landscape.
- The overall amount of hardscape proposed raises concerns as it would compromise the aspiration and vision for the space to be open, green space. While paving works well in connecting surrounding footpaths, roadways and buildings i.e. university campus and the Cathedral, the core of this civic space should be green.
- The garden element of the scheme raises some concerns: an over-elaborate landscape feature
 restricts the functionality of the site and presents a long term maintenance issue for the
 council. The Council's previous decorative planting schemes within the site have since been
 removed as they obscured sight-lines across the space and proved expensive to maintain to
 the required standards.
- From an operational maintenance perspective, any designs should incorporate easy access for cleansing plant, machinery and vehicles to ensure that effective clean up operations can be implemented.
- The Council supports the removal of the section of Academy Street and the extension of the site to the cathedral's boundary wall. This will enhance connectivity to St Anne's Square and the MAC building. However there will need to be further examination and discussions about the ownership of this area of land, currently DRD. It would be useful to have a unified maintenance approach to the area, including any elements that are on Ulster University land, to maximise the opportunity for unified standard of maintenance of the site. That said the legal intricacies around land ownership and/or necessary service level agreements etc, need to be identified and explored further to begin the process of eventually reaching an agreement.

Consideration of other capital projects

- The Belfast Bike Share scheme which will come into effect in April 2015 and a bike docking station will be located at the Ulster University campus. The scheme is likely to be used by a wide range of users (students; residents; tourists; commuters) for the purposes of offering a sustainable mode of transport that is cheap and efficient, and improves access around the city as mentioned in the General Comments above, this scheme will introduce 300 bikes into the city with phase 1 focussing initially on the city centre. It would be useful if the design plans could 1) integrate the bike docking station at the UU campus, showing exact location and surrounding cycling infrastructure, and 2) give consideration for cyclist access to and from the docking station.
- The Council will also install a Bronze sculpture of the Belfast boxer Rinty Monaghan within the Cathedral Gardens site. Again it would be useful if the plans could indicate the location of this

new sculpture, and the design of surrounding landscape [as part of Phase 3 Section proposals] to be mindful of the siting of this art piece.

Consideration of connectivity to other sections of the city is important - such as the retail
core; the future Royal Exchange proposals; Clifton Gateway proposals; and Girdwood
development on Crumlin Road –in order to maximise overall impact of individual large scale
projects.

Key Design Concept Proposals

Q4. We would welcome your views on the design concept of the proposals along with any other comments you wish to make

Other operational considerations

- Given the anticipated increase in foot fall, particularly in the north area of the city, on a
 practical level there are a few key issues the Council would highlight:
 - Litter Bins additional litter bins will need to be put in place. The Council suggests litter bins that are easily maintained and have consideration of the needs of wheelchair users. Unless otherwise provided the Council will erect standard black litter bins that are currently in use across Belfast City Council area; any replacement litter bins will be similar.
 - Public toilet provision the consideration of adequate public toilet provision is recommended and that their standards meet the British Toilet Association recommendations in terms of health & well-being, equality, social inclusion and privacy and public decency.
 - It would be useful to consider the installation and use of recycling points / hubs throughout the public realm as an opportunity to encourage recycling. Consideration is also suggested around adequate waste storage and access facilities - referring to Council's Waste Storage Guidelines for Northern Ireland.
- As part of the Councils education and awareness raising around littering, street signage in respect of littering and dog fouling will be erected. The Council would expect that the appropriate street furniture eg lamppost/lighting, allows for the erection of such signage, taking into consideration visibility by wheelchair users.
- During the construction period it would be helpful if any disruption to Waste Collection Services for both residential and commercial customers could be minimised. The Council suggests that during this time there is close liaison and communication with our Waste Collection Team.

Contact Details

No individual will be identified in the analysis of responses, however under the Freedom of Information Act anonymised individual responses may be disclosed.

Q5. Please provide your details below

Gerry Millar
Director of Project and Projects

Property and Projects Department 1st Floor Adelaide Exchange 24-26 Adelaide Street Belfast BT2 8GD

Equality Impact Assessment

DSD intends to carry out equality screening on the Belfast: Streets Ahead Phase 3 Project in line with the Department's Equality Scheme and Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998. In light of this we would appreciate your comments in order to inform the screening process.

Q6. Do you consider that any element(s) of the proposals impacts adversely on any of the Section 75 groups?

Section 75 Groups	Yes	No
Persons of different religious belief		٧
Political opinion		٧
Racial group		٧
Age		٧
Marital status		٧
Sexual orientation		٧
Men and women generally		٧
Persons with a disability and persons without	V	
Persons with dependents and persons without	٧	

Q7. If you answered yes to any of the questions on the previous page please tell us:

(a) How do you think these groups would be adversely affected?

Persons with a disability:

• Litter bins should be easily accessible

• Streets, gardens, paths etc must be suitable for wheelchair use, those with mobility impairments, and take into consideration needs of blind/partially sighted individuals.

Persons with dependents

- Streets, gardens, paths etc must be suitable for use by older people and young children.
- (a) What alternative action might mitigate or lessen any adverse impact on these groups?
 - Ensure street furniture allows for sufficient number of litter bins to be erected at a suitable height for access by wheelchairs users and that litter bins are easily accessed.
 - Ensure that there are suitable paths and access routes for wheelchair, push chair use and those with mobility impairments.
 - Ensure surface of paths and access routes are suitable for wheelchair use and will not cause instability issues for older people and young children.
 - Ensure an assessment and input at concept design stage is given to those who are blind or partially sighted.
- (b) What changes to the proposals might better achieve the promotion of equality of opportunity and good relations?

No further comment

